

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 1002070300A / 1002081000A
Product name: MOOD KERATIN MASK 300/1000ML

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
hair mask	-	✓	-

Uses Advised Against

Do not use other than as indicated.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: PIDIELLE S.p.A.
Full address: VIA BERGAMINA, 7
District and Country: 20014 NERVIANO (MI)
Italia
Tel. +39 0331 580 166
Fax +39 0331 485 677

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

sds@elgoncosmetic.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to
+39 0331 580 166
Numeri telefonici dei principali Centri Antiveleni italiani (attivi 24/24 ore)
Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444 (CAV IRCCS Fondazione Maugeri - Pavia)
Centro Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Ospedale Niguarda Ca` Granda - Milano)
Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300 (CAV Ospedali Riuniti - Bergamo)
Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819 (CAV Ospedale Careggi - Firenze)
Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 305434 (CAV Policlinico Gemelli - Roma)
Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policlinico Umberto I - Roma)
Centro Antiveleni di Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli - Napoli)
Centro Antiveleni di Foggia 0881 732326 (Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia)

EU-wide emergency number: 112

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Serious eye damage, category 1

H318

Causes serious eye damage.

Skin irritation, category 2

H315

Causes skin irritation.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H411

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.**H315** Causes skin irritation.**H411** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.**EUH208** Contains: GUAR HYDROXYPROPYLTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE
May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.**P280** Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.**P310** Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .**P273** Avoid release to the environment.**P391** Collect spillage.**P264** Wash with water thoroughly after handling.**Contains:** BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE
CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE		
INDEX -	$2 \leq x < 2,5$	STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 241-327-0		
CAS 17301-53-0		
CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE		
INDEX -	$1 \leq x < 1,5$	Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 300 mg/kg
EC 203-928-6		
CAS 112-02-7		
REACH Reg. 01-2119970558-23-XXXX		
GUAR HYDROXYPROPYLTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE		
INDEX	$0,2 \leq x < 0,25$	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC -		
CAS 65497-29-2		
MYRISTYL ALCOHOL		
INDEX -	$0,15 \leq x < 0,2$	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 204-000-3		
CAS 112-72-1		
REACH Reg. 01-2119485910-33-XXXX		
PARFUM		
INDEX	$0,15 \leq x < 0,2$	Repr. 2 H361, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC		
CAS -		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See the exposure scenarios attached to this safety datasheet.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,00068	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,000068	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	9,27	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,927	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,0008	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,4	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	7	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local
Oral				2,83 mg/kg bw/d			
Inhalation				0,98 mg/m3			3,32 mg/m3
Skin							4,7 mg/kg bw/d

MYRISTYL ALCOHOL

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,00032	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,000032	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,36	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,036	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,0019	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,28	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		75 mg/kg bw/d		75 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation		65 mg/m3		65 mg/m3		220 mg/m3		220 mg/m3
Skin		75 mg/kg bw/d		75 mg/kg bw/d		125 mg/kg bw/d		125 mg/kg bw/d

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

When choosing risk management measures and operating conditions, consult the exposure scenarios attached.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

For information on controlling environmental exposure, see the exposure scenarios attached to this safety datasheet.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties

Value

Information

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Appearance	shiny cream	
Colour	white	
Odour	characteristic	
Odour threshold	not determined	Reason for missing data:Information not relevant to compliance and use of the product.
Melting point / freezing point	not determined	Reason for missing data:Information not relevant to compliance and use of the product.
Initial boiling point	not applicable	
Boiling range	not applicable	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not applicable	
Upper explosive limit	not applicable	
Flash point	> 60 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not applicable	
Decomposition temperature	not applicable	
pH	4 - 5	
Kinematic viscosity	10000-20000	Temperature: 20 °C
Dynamic viscosity	10000-20000	Temperature: 20 °C
Solubility	not determined	Reason for missing data:Information not relevant to compliance and use of the product.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determined	Reason for missing data:Information not relevant to compliance and use of the product.
Vapour pressure	not determined	Reason for missing data:Information not relevant to compliance and use of the product.
Density and/or relative density	0,99 - 1,01	
Relative vapour density	not applicable	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

Hygroscopic.Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

At high temperatures it tends to oxidate to form propionaldehyde and lactic and acetic acid.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

May react dangerously with: acid chlorides,acid anhydrides,oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

May develop: carbon oxides.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg

CETYL ALCOHOL

LD50 (Dermal):	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg rat
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	> 1,5 mg/l/1h

STEARYL ALCOHOL

LD50 (Dermal):	> 5000 mg/kg rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg rat

CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

LD50 (Dermal):	> 1000 mg/kg
STA (Dermal):	300 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg
STA (Oral):	500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

LD50 (Dermal):	20800 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral):	20800 mg/kg Rat

MYRISTYL ALCOHOL

LD50 (Dermal):	> 2000 mg/kg rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg rat
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	> 1,5 mg/l/1h rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

GUAR HYDROXYPROPYLTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity**CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE**

LC50 - for Fish > 0,1 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea > 0,1 mg/l/48h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 0,1 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,015 mg/l

MYRISTYL ALCOHOL

LC50 - for Fish > 1 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea 3,2 mg/l/48h Dafnie

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 10 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0,001 mg/l Daphnia magna

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

LC50 - for Fish 40613 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea 18800 mg/l/48h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 19000 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 13020 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability**CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE**

Rapidly degradable

STEARYL ALCOHOL

Rapidly degradable

CETYL ALCOHOL

Rapidly degradable

MYRISTYL ALCOHOL

Rapidly degradable

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**1,2-PROPANEDIOL**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,07

BCF 0,09

12.4. Mobility in soil

MOOD KERATIN MASK

1,2-PROPANEDIOL

Partition coefficient: soil/water

0,46

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information**14.1. UN number or ID number**

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3082

ADR / RID: In accordance with Special Provision 375, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity $\leq$ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to ADR provisions.

IMDG: In accordance with Section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG Code, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity $\leq$ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to IMDG Code provisions.

IATA: In accordance with SP A197, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity $\leq$ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to IATA dangerous goods regulations.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE; CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE; CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE)

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BEHENTRIMONIUM CHLORIDE; CETRIMONIUM CHLORIDE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 9 Label: 9



MOOD KERATIN MASK

IMDG: Class: 9 Label: 9



IATA: Class: 9 Label: 9

**14.4. Packing group**

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: Environmentally Hazardous

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 90

Limited
Quantities: 5
LTunnel
restriction
code: (-)

IMDG: Special provision: -

EMS: F-A, S-F

Limited
Quantities: 5
L

IATA: Cargo:

Maximum
quantity: 450
LPackaging
instructions:
964

Passengers:

Maximum
quantity: 450
LPackaging
instructions:
964

Special provision:

A97, A158,
A197, A215**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product
Point

3 - 40

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment**SECTION 16. Other information**

Finished cosmetic products are excluded from EC Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH) as regards the safety data sheet requirements (art. 31 and 32) (2). Finished cosmetic products are completely excluded from the field of application of Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (3), as previously established by Directive 1999/45/EC on dangerous preparations (4), and as such are exempt from danger classification and labelling obligations and the provisions relating to safety data sheets [art. 1 (3) (c) of Regulation 1272/2008 and Directive 1999/45].

This Sheet is not to be regarded as a Safety Data Sheet but purely as a hygiene and safety information tool drafted to help employers fulfil the obligations of Leg. Decree 81/08. In fact, professional users are protected by Leg. Decree 81/08 as amended, which obliges employers to carry out a risk assessment for the health and safety of their workers (art. 28 Leg. Decree 81/08). This decree defines (heading IX, art. 222) as dangerous chemical agents not only the substances and mixtures that correspond to the classification criteria of the relevant laws, but also agents that may pose a risk to the health and safety of workers because of their chemical-physical, chemical or toxicological properties and the way in which they are used or present in the workplace, including chemical agents that have been assigned an occupational exposure limit value (art. 222 (1)(b)(3)). More specifically, Regulation 1223/2009 defines the end user as a consumer or professional that uses the cosmetic product (1), making no distinction between these two figures. 1 (EC) Regulation no. 1223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on cosmetic products, article 2, paragraph 1, letter f.

2 (EC) Regulation no. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006, concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

3 (EC) Regulation no. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 regarding the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures

4 Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 1999 concerning the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations

MOOD KERATIN MASK

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit

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- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.